

Single Mode Fiber

Hi 980, CS980



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Features

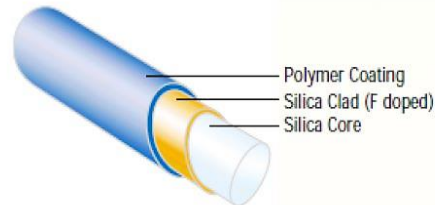
- All Glass Materials
- Low Loss
- Low Cost
- High Reliability

Applications

- High Power delivery
- Sensors
- Instrumentation

Agiltron silica cladding multimode fiber with a step-index profile is manufactured with the advanced plasma-activated chemical vapor deposition method. This fiber can be customized with different fiber designs, including core and cladding diameter as well as NA. This fiber provides excellent geometrical, optical, environmental, and mechanical properties. It is especially suitable for high-power delivery.

The fiber is made with a germanium-doped silica core and fluorine-doped silica cladding



Specifications

Parameter2	Hi 980	CS980	Unit
Optical properties			
Operating Wavelength	>980	980	nm
Cutoff Wavelength	930 ± 50	930 ± 40	nm
Numerical Aperture	0.21	0.24	dB
Max Attenuation	2.5		dB/km
Geometrical properties			
Mode-filed Diameter @980nm	4.2	5	μm
Cladding diameter	125.0±0.5	124.7±0.5	μm
Coating diameter	250±10	250±10	μm
Core/cladding concentricity	≤3	≤3	μm
Material Composition			
Core	Pure Silica Glass		
Cladding	Pure or Ge doped Silica Glass		
Coating	Dual-layer UV Curable Acrylate		
Mechanic Properties			
Proof Test Level	200	100	kpsi



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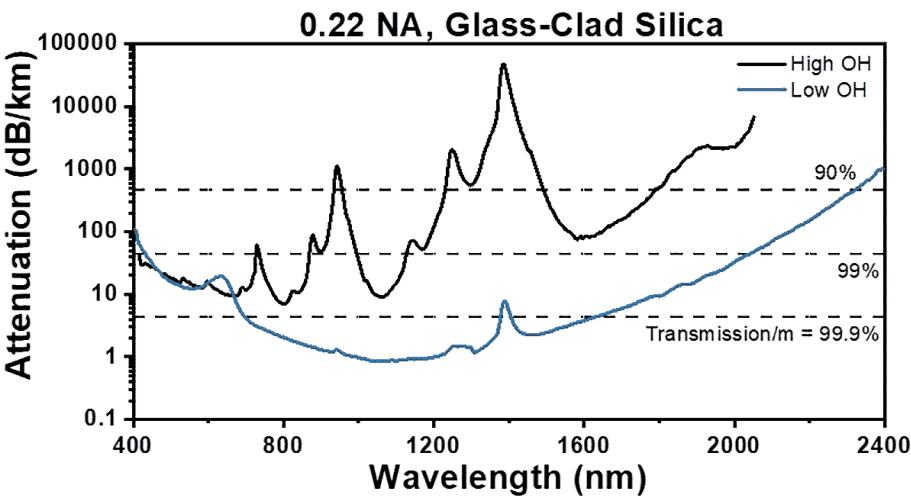
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Typical Multimode Fiber Attenuation



Ordering Information (Part Number)

	□□□□□□□	1
Prefix	Type	
SMF-	Hi 980 = HI98042 CS980 = CS98050 Special = 0000000	

Application Notes

Fiber Core Alignment

Note that the minimum attenuation for these devices depends on excellent core-to-core alignment when the connectors are mated. This is crucial for shorter wavelengths with smaller fiber core diameters that can increase the loss of many decibels above the specification if they are not perfectly aligned. Different vendors' connectors may not mate well with each other, especially for angled APC.

Fiber Cleanliness

Fibers with smaller core diameters (<5 μm) must be kept extremely clean, contamination at fiber-fiber interfaces, combined with the high optical power density, can lead to significant optical damage. This type of damage usually requires re-polishing or replacement of the connector.

Maximum Optical Input Power

Due to their small fiber core diameters for short wavelength and high photon energies, the damage thresholds for device is substantially reduced than the common 1550nm fiber. To avoid damage to the exposed fiber end faces and internal components, the optical input power should never exceed 20 mW for wavelengths shorter 650nm. We produce a special version to increase the how handling by expanding the core side at the fiber ends.